HOUSE No. 1176

By Mr. Larkin of Pittsfield, petition of Peter J. Larkin and others relative to alternative educational services for students suspended from school. Education.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PETITION OF:

Peter J. Larkin Patricia D. Jehlen Steven A. Tolman Mary E. Grant Joyce A. Spiliotis

In the Year Two Thousand and Five.

AN ACT RELATIVE TO ENSURING THAT ALL STUDENTS HAVE ACCESS TO EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AND QUALITY LEARNING TIME.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 2 of Chapter 70 of the General Laws, as
- 2 appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby amended by
- 3 inserting after the word "October", in line 223, the following sen-
- 4 tences:— "No student expelled by a school district shall be
- 5 included in the department's calculation of the said district's foun-
- 6 dation budget, unless the student is provided with alternative edu-
- 7 cation as determined by the department. The department shall
- 8 adjust the district's October first enrollment report upon notifica-
- 9 tion of the district that a student has been expelled.
- 1 SECTION 2. Said section 2 of said chapter 70, as so appearing,
- 2 is hereby further amended by inserting after the word "tuition", in
- 3 line 527, the following sentence:— "Any state aid for students
- 4 who have been placed in alternative education programs shall
- 5 follow the student."
- 1 SECTION 3. Section 37H of Chapter 71 of the General Laws,
- 2 as appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby amended by

3 striking out lines 45 through 47, and inserting in place thereof the
 4 following paragraphs:—

After said hearing, a principal may, in his discretion, decide to suspend rather than expel a student who has been determined by the principal to have violated either paragraph (a) or (b); provided, however, that the principal shall expel for not less than one year any student who is determined to have brought a firearm, as that term is defined in section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, onto school premises or to a school-sponsored or school-related event, including athletic games; provided further, that the superintendent may modify the decision to expel students on a case by case basis under subsection (d) of this section.

Nothing in this section shall preclude a school or school district from providing educational services to a student who has been expelled from school.

SECTION 4. Said section 37H of chapter 71, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting, in line 57, after the word "required" the following:— "during the term of said expulsion".

SECTION 5. Said section 37H of chapter 71, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof the following clause:—

4 (f) The superintendent shall conduct a review of the case of any student expelled under this section not later than two months after the date of expulsion for any student who is not in an alternative education program, or not later than six months after the date of expulsion for any student who is in an alternative education program, for the purpose of determining whether the student should 10 be re-admitted to school. The superintendent shall consult with the principal concerning the student's readmittance and shall accept and consider written reports and any testimony submitted by the student or student's parents relevant to the question of whether the student should be re-admitted. The student or the student's parents or legal guardian may be represented by counsel or by any person they designate to speak on their behalf. The student may be readmitted if the student can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the 17 superintendent the following: (1) that the student's presence in 19 school will not pose a physical danger to himself, or others, and 22

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20 (2) that the student has addressed satisfactorily the behavior that 21 led to the expulsion.

If, following a review hearing, the superintendent does not re-23 admit the student, further review hearings to consider the student's re-admittance shall be convened by the superintendent every two months following the first review hearing for students 26 not in an alternative education program, or every six months following the first review hearing for any student in an alternative education program, until the student turns eighteen years of age.

Within ten school days, the superintendent shall notify in 30 writing the student and the student's parents of the decision as to the student's attendance status within the school system. If the superintendent determines that the expulsion shall remain in effect, the letter shall state to the student the conditions under 34 which a student can obtain readmittance to school, the date of the next review hearing, and any alternative education options that exist for the student.

37 The superintendent shall notify the commissioner of any student suspended or expelled from school and shall report to the commissioner the opportunities for alternative education provided to the student. The commissioner shall file a report on an annual basis with the joint committee on education, arts and humanities concerning the number of suspensions and expulsions in the public schools, the alternative education options provided to stu-44 dents and the number of students re-admitted under the provisions 45 of this section.

1 SECTION 6. Said section 37H of chapter 71, as so appearing, 2 is hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof the 3 following new paragraph:— "For the purpose of this section, the 4 term "gun" means a firearm as such term is defined in section 921 5 of Title 18 of the United States Code. The term "knife" means that 6 referenced in sub-paragraph (b) of section 10 of chapter 269 of the General Laws. The term "expulsion" shall mean any disciplinary action taken under the authority of the school committee, superin-9 tendent or principal to prohibit a student from attending classes 10 the student would have attended but for the disciplinary action for more than 10 consecutive school days or 30 cumulative school 12 days in a school year. The term "suspension" shall mean any dis-

- 13 ciplinary action taken under the authority of the school committee,
- 14 superintendent or principal to prohibit a student from attending
- 15 classes the student would have attended but for the disciplinary
- 16 action for up to 10 consecutive school days or 30 cumulative
- school days in a school year."
- 1 SECTION 7. Section 37H1/2 of Chapter 71 of the General
- 2 Laws, as appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby
- amended by inserting after the word "student.", in line 56, the
- 4 following: "during the term of said expulsion."
- 1 SECTION 8. Section 1 of Chapter 71B of the General Laws, as
- appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby amended by 2
- 3 inserting after the words "chapter 69", in lines 43 through 44, and
- 4 67, the following:— "; provided further, that no child shall be
- 5 determined to be a school age child with a disability solely
- 6 because the child has been suspended or expelled from a public or
- private school."
- SECTION 9. Section 1 of chapter 76 of the General Laws, as
- 2 appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby amended by
- striking out the first sentence and inserting in place thereof the
- 4 following:—
- 5 Every child from the age of 6 to the age of 18, or until gradua-
- 6 tion from high school, whichever occurs first, shall attend a public
- day school in said town, or some other day school approved by the
- school committee, during the number of days required by the
- 9 board of education in each school year, unless the child attends a
- 10 school in another town, for said number of days, under sections
- six to twelve, inclusive, or attends an experimental school project
- established under an experimental school plan, as provided in section one G of chapter fifteen, but such attendance shall not be
- 14 required of a child whose physical or mental condition is such as
- 15 to render attendance inexpedient or impracticable subject to the 16 provisions of section three of chapter seventy-one B, or of a child
- granted an employment permit by the superintendent of schools, 18 under section eighty-six of chapter one hundred and forty-nine,
- 19 when such superintendent determines that the welfare of such
- 20 child will be better served through granting of such permit, or a

21 child who is being otherwise instructed in a manner approved in 22 advance by the superintendent or school committee.

SECTION 10. Said chapter 76, as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting after section 17 the following section:—
Section 17A. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, any student under the age of twelve may not be expelled from school unless the school district first proves by clear and convincing evidence to a court of competent jurisdiction that the student is a physical danger to himself, or, others and the district receives the permission of the court to expel the student. Any stu-

9 dent expelled from school under this section shall retain the rights 10 of appeal and review as set forth in section thirty-seven H of

11 chapter seventy-one of the General Laws.

SECTION 11. Chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2000 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out section 65 and inserting in place thereof the following section:—

Section 65. No person shall employ a minor under age 16 or permit such minor to work in any occupation for more than 18 hours in any one week when school is in session, or more than 32 hours in any one week when school is not in session, or more than eight hours in any non-school day, or more than three hours in any one day when school is in session, or before 7:00 a.m. or after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in section 69, and except that evening hours shall be extended until 9:00 p.m. from June 15 through Labor Day, as long as school has recessed.

SECTION 12. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out section 66 and inserting in place thereof the following section:—

Section 66. No person shall employ a minor under age 18, or otherwise permit such minor, to work in any occupation before 6:00 a.m. or after 10:00 p.m.; provided however, that minors may be employed in educational, vocational or cooperative health care programs until, but not after, 11:00 p.m.; and provided further, that minors under age 18 may be employed until 11:00 p.m. on days not immediately followed by a school day. No employer may require any full-time secondary school student who has reached

- 12 the age of majority to work later than the hours set forth herein
- without a written waiver signed by the student and the superinten-
- 14 dent or designated official of the school the student is attending.
- 15 Any minor under the age of 18 who is employed after 8:00 p.m.
- 16 must be under direct and immediate adult supervision.

SECTION 13. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby 1 amended by adding in section 67 the following paragraph:—

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no person shall employ or oth-3 4 erwise permit a minor under age 18 who is a full-time secondary

school student to work more than 28 hours in any one week when

school is in session, or more than 48 hours in any one week when

school is not in session, or more than eight hours in any non-

school day or more than four hours in any day when school is in

session. No employer may require any full-time secondary school

student who has reached the age of majority to work more hours

than those set forth herein without the prior written consent of

said student and the superintendent or designated official of the

school said student is attending. Notwithstanding these provisions,

nothing in this paragraph will affect the number of hours a student

participates in a work experience that is approved by the superin-

tendent or designated school official and is part of an approved education plan within a cooperative program or school-to-work

program and counted as learning time under Student Learning

Time Regulations, 603 CMR 27.00.

1 SECTION 14. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out section 78 and inserting in place thereof the following section:— 3

Section 78. Whoever, by himself or for others, or through 4 agents, servants or foremen, employs, induces or permits any 5

minor to work contrary to any provision of sections 60 to 74

inclusive, shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not less

than 500 nor more than 2,000 dollars or by imprisonment for not

more than two months, or both, and for a subsequent offense by a

fine of not less than 2,000 nor more than 10,000 dollars or by

imprisonment for not more than six months, or both. The employ-

12 ment of any minor in violation of any provision of said sections,

13 after the person employing such minor has been notified thereof in

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14 writing by any authorized inspector or supervisor of attendance, 15 shall constitute a separate offense for every day during which the employment continues. Any employer who is convicted of willfully violating any provisions of this law shall, in addition to any criminal penalty imposed, be prohibited from contracting, either directly or indirectly with the commonwealth or any of its agen-20 cies or political subdivisions for a period of one year from the date of such ruling and such employer shall also be prohibited from employing minors for a period of five years. Violations of sections 60 to 74 inclusive or section 104 shall be reported to the 24 department of industrial accidents.

As an alternative to initiating criminal proceedings as set forth in the first paragraph hereof or in any other provision of this chapter pertaining to the employment of minors for which a criminal penalty is provided, the attorney general's office may issue a written warning or a civil citation. A separate citation may be issued requiring payment of a civil penalty of not more than 5,000 dollars for each violation to be paid to the commonwealth within 21 days of the date of issuance of such citation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a lower maximum criminal fine amount is set 34 forth in another provision of this chapter for violation of which a civil citation is issued, the civil penalty that may be assessed under said civil citation shall not exceed the maximum criminal fine amount authorized to be assessed under such provision.

Any person aggrieved by any citation issued pursuant to this section may appeal said citation by filing a notice of appeal with the attorney general and the division of administrative law appeals within 15 days of the receipt of the citation. Any such appellant shall be granted a hearing before a representative of the division of administrative law appeals in accordance with chapter 30A. The hearing officer may affirm, vacate, or modify any penalty provided for by the citation. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the hearing officer following such hearing may file an appeal in the superior court pursuant to the provisions of said chapter 30A.

49 If any person shall fail to comply with the requirements set 50 forth in any citation issued by the attorney general's office, or shall fail to pay any civil penalty imposed thereby within 21 days 52 of the date of issuance of such citation or within 30 days 53 following a decision of the hearing officer if such citation has 54 been appealed, excluding any time during which judicial review 55 of the hearing officer's decision remains pending, the attorney 56 general may apply for a criminal complaint for the violation of the 57 appropriate section of this chapter.

58 Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding paragraph, if any civil penalty imposed by citation issued by the attorney gener-59 al's office remains unpaid beyond the time period specified for payment in said preceding paragraph, such penalty amount, 62 together with interest thereon at the rate of 18 per cent per annum, 63 shall be a lien upon the real estate and personal property of the person who has failed to pay such penalty and interest. Such lien shall take effect by operation of law on the day immediately 66 following the due date for payment of such penalty, and, unless dissolved by payment, shall, as of said date, be considered a tax 67 due and owing to the commonwealth, which may be collected through the procedures provided for by chapter 62C. In addition to the foregoing, no officer of any corporation which has failed to pay any such penalty may incorporate or serve as an officer in any 72 corporation which did not have a legal existence as of the date 73 said penalty became due and owing to the commonwealth.

SECTION 15. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out section 86 and inserting in place thereof the following:—

Section 86. No person shall employ any minor under age 18 who is a full-time secondary school student unless said minor is at least fourteen years of age and has obtained an employment permit from the superintendent or school official designated by the superintendent from the school as set forth in section 87. The superintendent or school official designated in writing by the superintendent may issue an employment permit to a minor at least fourteen years of age and shall consider whether the welfare of such minor will be appropriately served by the granting of such a permit. Any permit issued hereunder may be revoked at any time by any such superintendent or school official designated in writing by the superintendent upon a finding made by him or her that the welfare of the minor issued such permit is no longer being appropriately served by the employment of such minor. No

18 employment permit shall be issued to any child under 16 to work 19 in, about or in connection with any manufacturing or mechanical 20 establishment, factory or workshop. Any person employing any minor at least fourteen years of age who is a full-time secondary student shall procure and keep on file, accessible to the supervisors of attendance of the city or town, to agents of the department of education and to representatives of the office of the attorney general, the permit for employment issued to such minor here-26 under and shall keep a complete list of the names and dates of birth of all minors so employed. The superintendent may grant a 28 waiver to exempt from the hours restrictions in this chapter a student who establishes an economic need; provided, however, that 30 the student's health, welfare, or academic performance would not be detrimentally affected. Any minor over the age of sixteen who asserts to an employer that the minor is not a full-time secondary school student shall obtain from the superintendent or school offi-34 cial designated by the superintendent in writing, written certifica-35 tion of said minor's non-student status. Said certification must 36 include the employer's name and address and the duties to be performed by the minor. Upon termination of the employment of a minor the employer shall return the permit or certification of nonstudent status within two days after said termination to the office of the superintendent of schools from which it was issued. The prohibitions against employment in hazardous occupations apply 42 to each minor as set forth in sections 60, 61, 62 and 63 regardless 43 of a minor's educational status.

SECTION 16. The first paragraph of section 87 of said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out the word "sixteen", in line 11, inserting in place thereof the following word:—eighteen.

SECTION 17. The second paragraph of said section 87 of said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out clause (1) and inserting in place thereof the following clause:—

5 (1) An application, obtained by the student from the school or 6 employer, which must be signed by an employer who has indi-7 cated thereon the student's intended duties, the full name and

- 8 address of the employer and the location of the intended work.
- 9 Said application containing the employment information must
- 10 thereafter be signed by a parent or legal guardian of the student
- 11 prior to presentation of the application to the superintendent or
- 12 school official designated by the superintendent.
 - 1 SECTION 18. The second paragraph of said section 87 of said
- 2 chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by
- 3 striking out clause (3).
- 1 SECTION 19. Said section 87 of said chapter 149, as so
- 2 appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out the last para-
- 3 graph.
- 1 SECTION 20. Section 89 of said chapter 149, as so appearing,
- 2 is hereby amended by inserting after the words "It shall state the
- 3 name", in line 13, the following words:— and address.
- 1 SECTION 21. Section 89 of said chapter 149, as so appearing,
- 2 is hereby further amended by striking the word "sixteen", in lines
- 3 27-28, and inserting in place thereof the following word:— eigh-
- 4 teen.
- 1 SECTION 22. Section 89 of said chapter 149, as so appearing,
- 2 is hereby amended by striking out the words "department of labor
- 3 and industries", in line 34, and inserting in place thereof the
- 4 following words:— attorney general.
- 1 SECTION 23. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby
- 2 amended by striking out section 90 and inserting in place thereof
- 3 the following:—
- 4 Section 90. Whoever employs a minor under eighteen, or who-
- 5 ever procures, or, having under his control a minor under eigh-
- 6 teen, permits the minor to be employed in violation of section
- 7 eighty-six, shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hun-
- 8 dred fifty dollars and not more than five hundred dollars or by
- 9 imprisonment for not more than one month; and whoever con-
- 10 tinues to employ a child under eighteen in violation of said
- 11 section, after being notified thereof by a supervisor of attendance

- 12 or by an inspector, shall for every day thereafter while such 13 employment continues be punished by a fine of one thousand dol-14 lars or by imprisonment for not more than two months; and who-15 ever forges, assists in forging, or procures to be forged a 16 certificate of birth or other evidence of the age of such minor, and whoever presents or assists in presenting a forged certificate of birth or evidence of birth to the superintendent of schools or to a person authorized by law to issue permits, for the purpose of 20 fraudulently obtaining the employment permit required by section eighty-six, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thou-22 sand nor more than three thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both. Whoever, being authorized to 24 sign an employment permit, knowingly certifies to any materially false statement therein shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars and not more than five hundred dollars. Whoever, without authority, alters an employment permit after the
- SECTION 24. Said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out section 95 and inserting in place thereof the following section:—

same is issued shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars.

- Section 95. No minor under the age of 18 who is a full-time secondary student shall be employed except as provided for pupils in cooperative courses, unless the employer procures from said minor and keeps on file a copy of an employment permit issued to such minor under the provisions of section 86.
- 9 Every employer of such minor shall keep a copy of the minor's 10 employment permit accessible to any officer referred to in section 11 92 and shall return the permit within two days of the termination 12 of employment of such minor to the office of the superintendent 13 of school from which the permit was issued.
- SECTION 25. Section 95A of said chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out the word "certifiater", line 4, and inserting in pace thereof the following words:—4 employment permit.

- SECTION 26. Chapter 149, as so appearing, is hereby amended 1
- 2 by striking out section 97 and inserting in its place the following
- section:-
- Section 97. Whoever employs a minor in violation of sections
- 95 or shall be punished by a fine of not more than 1,000 dollars.
- 1 SECTION 27. Chapter 741 of the Acts of 1965 is hereby 2 repealed.
- 1 SECTION 28. The commissioner of education shall report to
- 2 the joint committee on education, arts and humanities on or before
- 3 July 31, 2006 the costs of replicating and implementing programs
- 4 statewide that are funded pursuant to section 126 of chapter 149
- 5 of the acts of 2004, and the feasibility of using the foundation
- 6 budget formula to finance said programs, including any legislation
- 7 needed to provide alternative education.
- 1 SECTION 29. The department of education shall, no later than
- 2 December 31, 2005, develop and implement a comprehensive
- strategy to provide assistance to school districts and schools to
- 4 help address the student dropout problem in public schools, partic-
- 5 ularly those within urban areas. In the development of the
- 6 strategy, the department shall engage public and private represen-
- 7 tatives who have an interest in the discussion. The strategy shall
- 8 build upon existing programs and initiatives that have proven suc-
- cessful in preventing students from dropping out of school. The
- 10 department shall take into consideration, at a minimum, the
- following: 11
- (1) Analyses of annual district and school dropout data; 12
- 13 tracking of students; risk factor identification;
- (2) Any local, state and federal resources and programs,
- 15 including, but not limited to, extended school services; literacy;
- 16 early intervention; family resource and youth service centers;
- alternative education services; drug and alcohol prevention pro-
- grams; school-to-career programs; school safety grants; criminal
- 19 justice programs; social service programs; and other relevant pro-
- 20 grams and services that could be used in a multi-dimensional
- 21 effort;

- 22 (3) Comprehensive student programs and services that include, 23 but are not limited to, identification, counseling, mentoring, extra 24 instructional support, tutoring and other educational strategies for 25 elementary, middle, and high school students who are demon-26 strating little or no success in school, who have poor attendance, 27 or who possess other risk factors that contribute to the likelihood 28 of their dropping out of school, as well as home visitations, and 29 parental training for the parents or legal guardians of such stu-30 dents; and
- 31 (4) Evaluation procedures to measure progress within school 32 districts and schools in eliminating the problem of students drop-33 ping out of school.
- The department, with assistance from such agencies as it determines necessary, shall provide technical assistance to districts requesting assistance with dropout prevention strategies and the development of district and school plans. Agencies or other public entities that the department determines are necessary to assist in this effort are hereby directed to provide such assistance.
- The department shall file any comprehensive strategy developed under this section with the joint committee on education, arts and humanities.